

<u>The data shows the percentage of three main fields-agriculture, manufacturing, and business and financial services contributed to the UK economic from 1900 to 2000 with the different developments.</u>

In terms of the proportions in 1900, we see that agriculture made up the most significant role in the economic with nearly 50% as well as the second sector with the relatively lower level in 45% while business and financial services had a smallest account in the total, just approximately one-tenth compared with the first one.

In 1950, agriculture made a contribution in the larger 2% in the range while others had a considerable changes. Manufacturing dropped to 40% but the third part increased enormously to fold the portion in two. It kept a big rise in the next year whereas another fields went down to the lower accounts.

There was a boom in business and financial service with a two fold increase leaded to its decisive role in the national economy. Two remain parts also reduced sharply, less than a half with the previous years. Particularly, agriculture took a lowest portion in the contribution.

Overall, agriculture no longer keep the decisive position in the UK economy, instead of, business and financial services are more and more salient with the wide changing year by year.

## Revised

The data shows the percentage <u>contribution</u> of three main fields-agriculture, manufacturing, and business and financial services <u>-contributed</u> to the UK econom<u>yie</u> from 1900 to 2000<u>. with the different developments.</u>

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Very good but long – over 200 words. Be careful not to translate too much. You do a v. good job using the trend and comparison language and the organization is good too. Just take care to use English sentences you have confidence in and you'll do outstanding work.

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